

Memorandum



CITY OF DALLAS

DATE November 6, 2015

TO The Honorable Members of the Transportation and Trinity River Project Committee:
Lee M. Kleinman (Chair), Deputy Mayor Pro Tem Erik Wilson (Vice-Chair), Sandy Greyson,
Mayor Pro Tem Monica R. Alonzo, Adam Medrano, and Casey Thomas II

SUBJECT Flood Control Operations

On Monday, November 9, 2015, you will be briefed on Flood Control Operations. The briefing materials are attached for your review.

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions or concerns.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Mark McDaniel'.

Mark McDaniel
Assistant City Manager

c: Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
A.C. Gonzalez, City Manager
Warren M.S. Ernst, City Attorney
Craig D. Kinton, City Auditor
Rosa A. Rios, City Secretary
Daniel F. Solis, Administrative Judge
Ryan S. Evans, First Assistant City Manager

Eric D. Campbell, Assistant City Manager
Jill A. Jordan, P.E., Assistant City Manager
Joey Zapata, Assistant City Manager
Jeanne Chipperfield, Chief Financial Officer
Sana Syed, Public Information Officer
Elsa Cantu, Assistant to the City Manager – Mayor & Council

Flood Control Operations

Transportation and Trinity River Project Committee
November 9, 2015



Overview

- Flood System Overview
- Flood Control Operations
- Successes and Opportunities

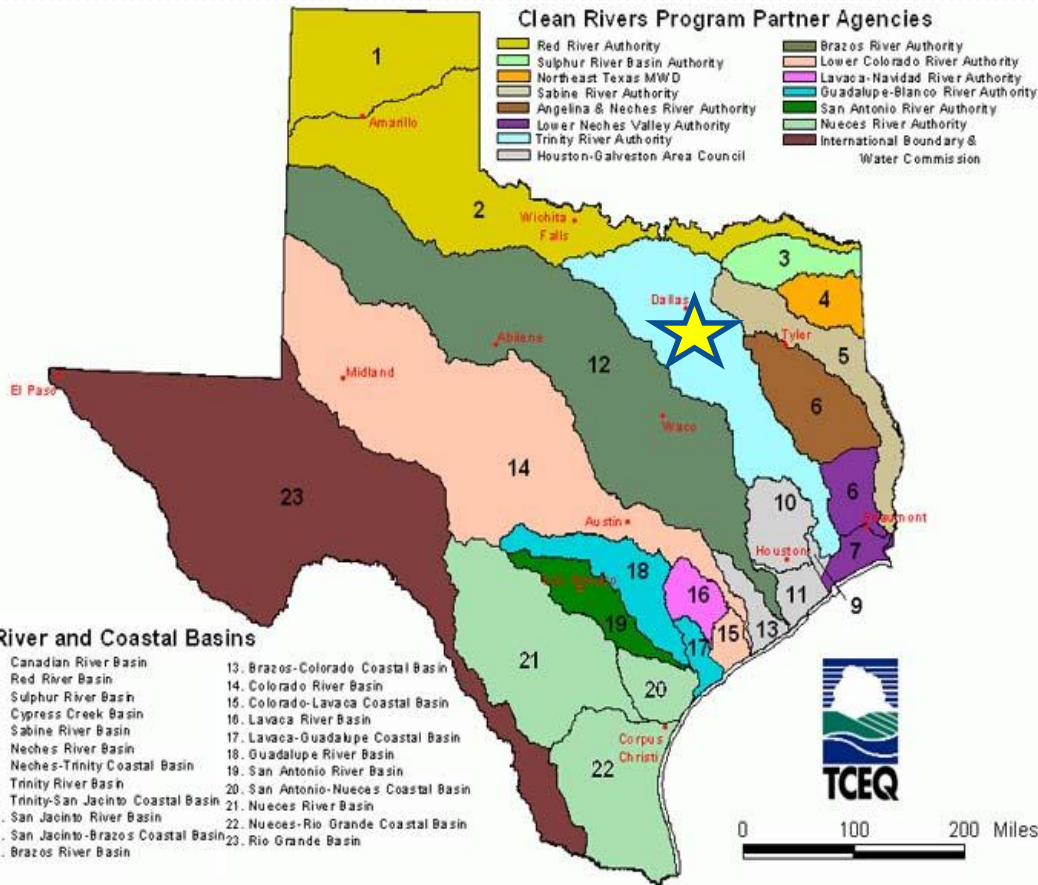
System Overview



Flood Management in Dallas

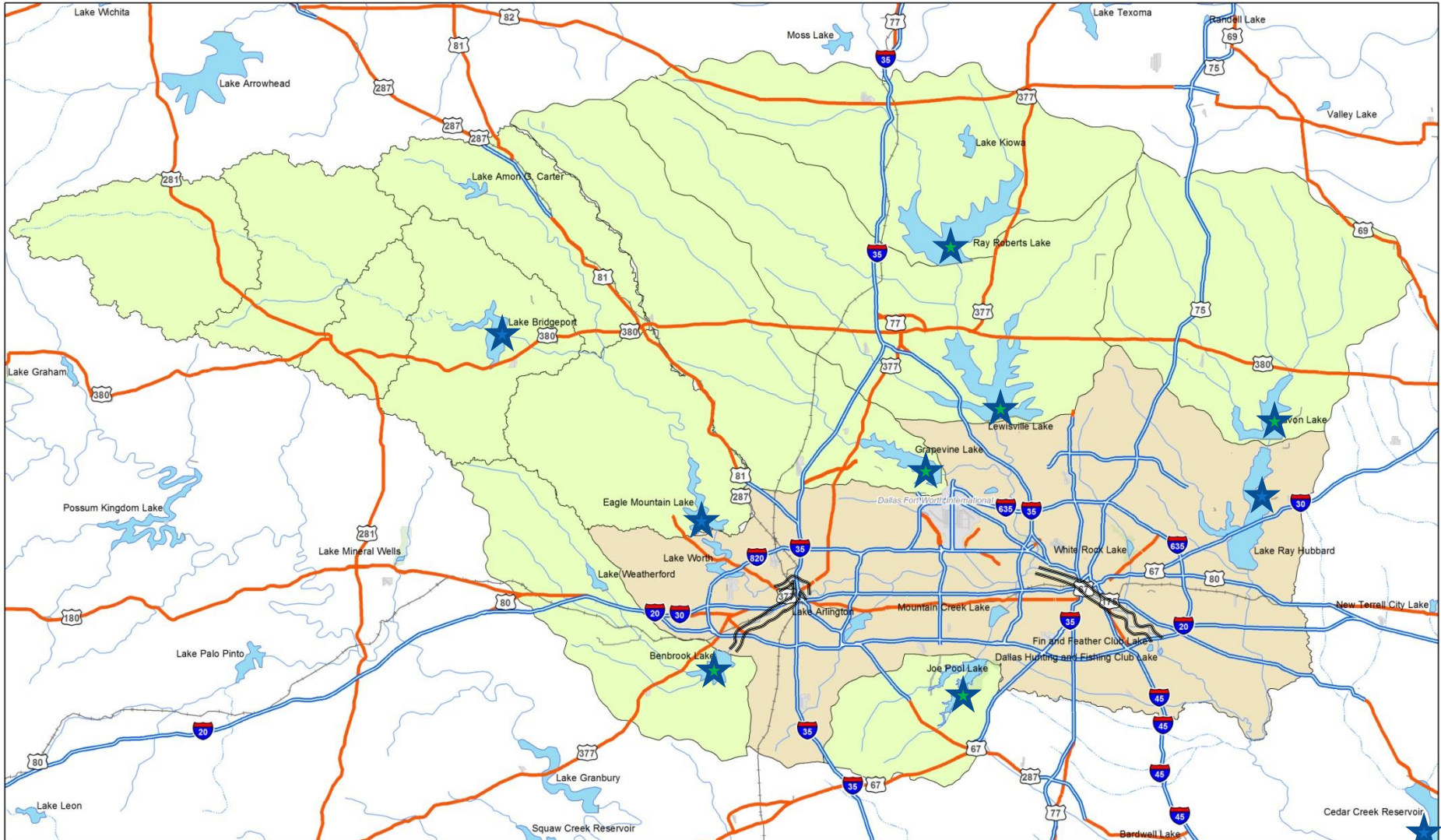
- **Regional Drainage Infrastructure:** Dams, multi-purpose reservoirs, channels and wetlands on the river-side of the levees to convey large volume events and protect urbanized areas
- **Local, “Interior” Drainage Infrastructure:** local drainage systems (levees, pump stations, pressure sewers, streams, creeks, channels, and storm sewers) to address runoff from the land-side of levees to convey it into the Trinity River)

Trinity River Watershed



- Trinity River watershed extends from near Oklahoma border to Galveston Bay (shown in aqua)
- Trinity River drains a total area of >16,000 square miles
- About 6,050 square miles drain through Dallas Floodway

Area Reservoirs



Legend
Trinity Unregulated
Trinity Regulated

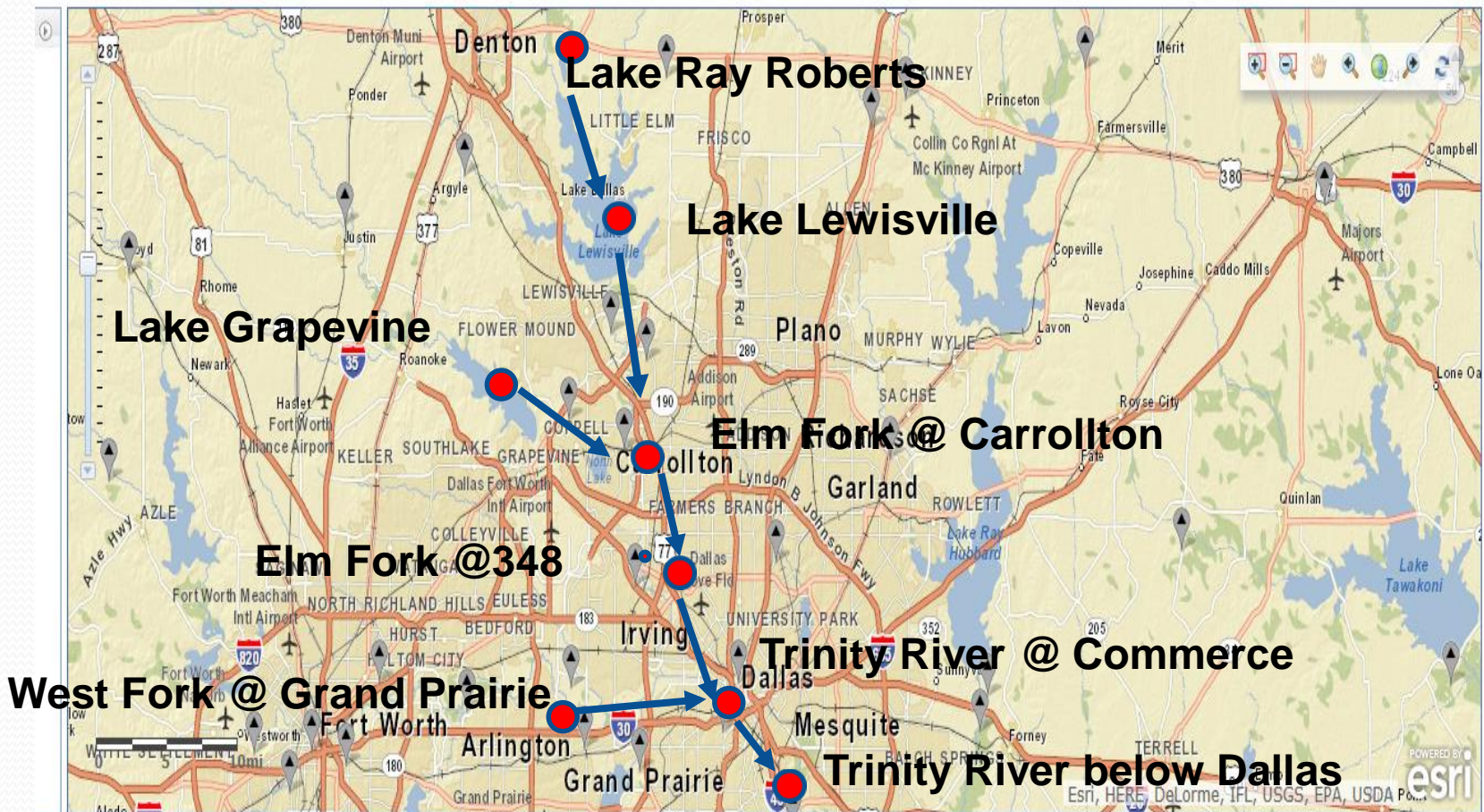
USGS River Gage Locations



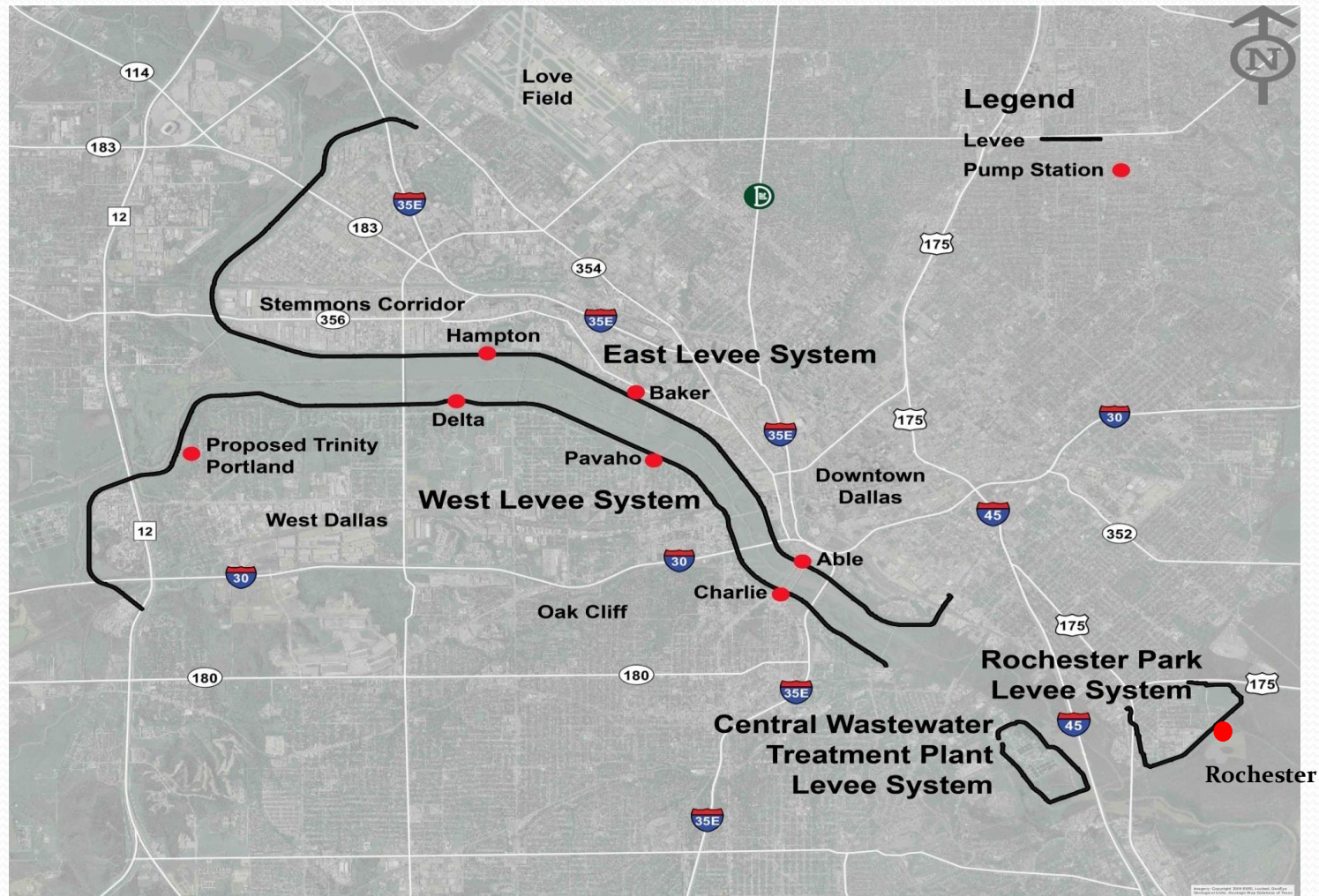
USGS Home
Contact USGS
Search USGS

National Water Information System: Map View

Help Info



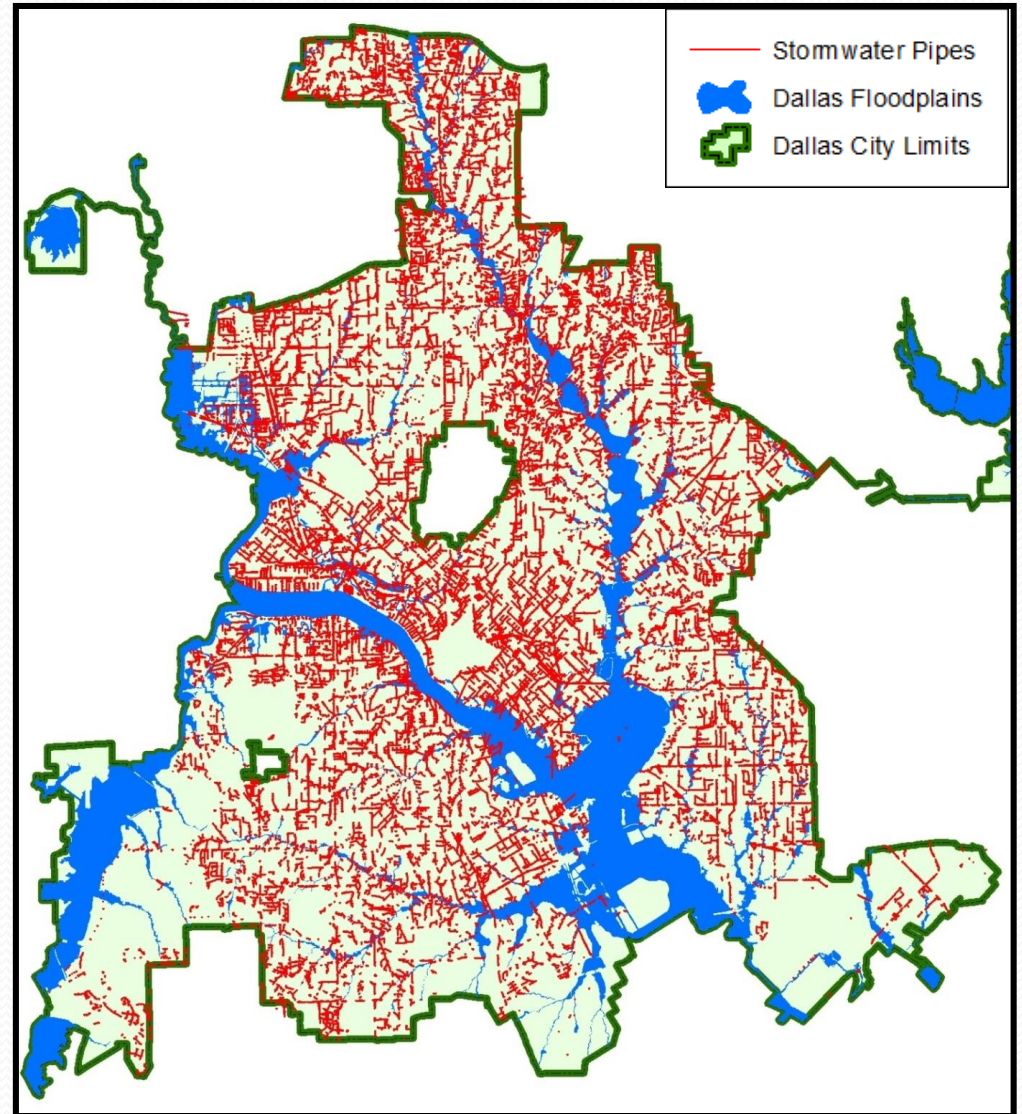
Dallas Floodway System Map



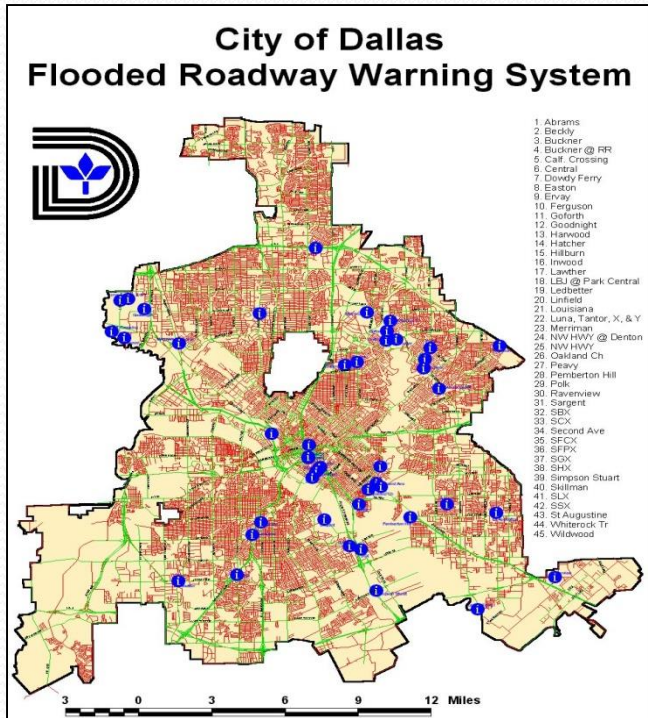
- 200,000 people work or live behind the levees
- \$13.7 billion in real and personal property protected by the levees

Interior Drainage

- 1,800 miles of storm drainage pipes
- 115 miles of City owned creeks
- 48 miles of lined channels
- 180 ponds
- 11,000 outfalls
- 65,000 inlets

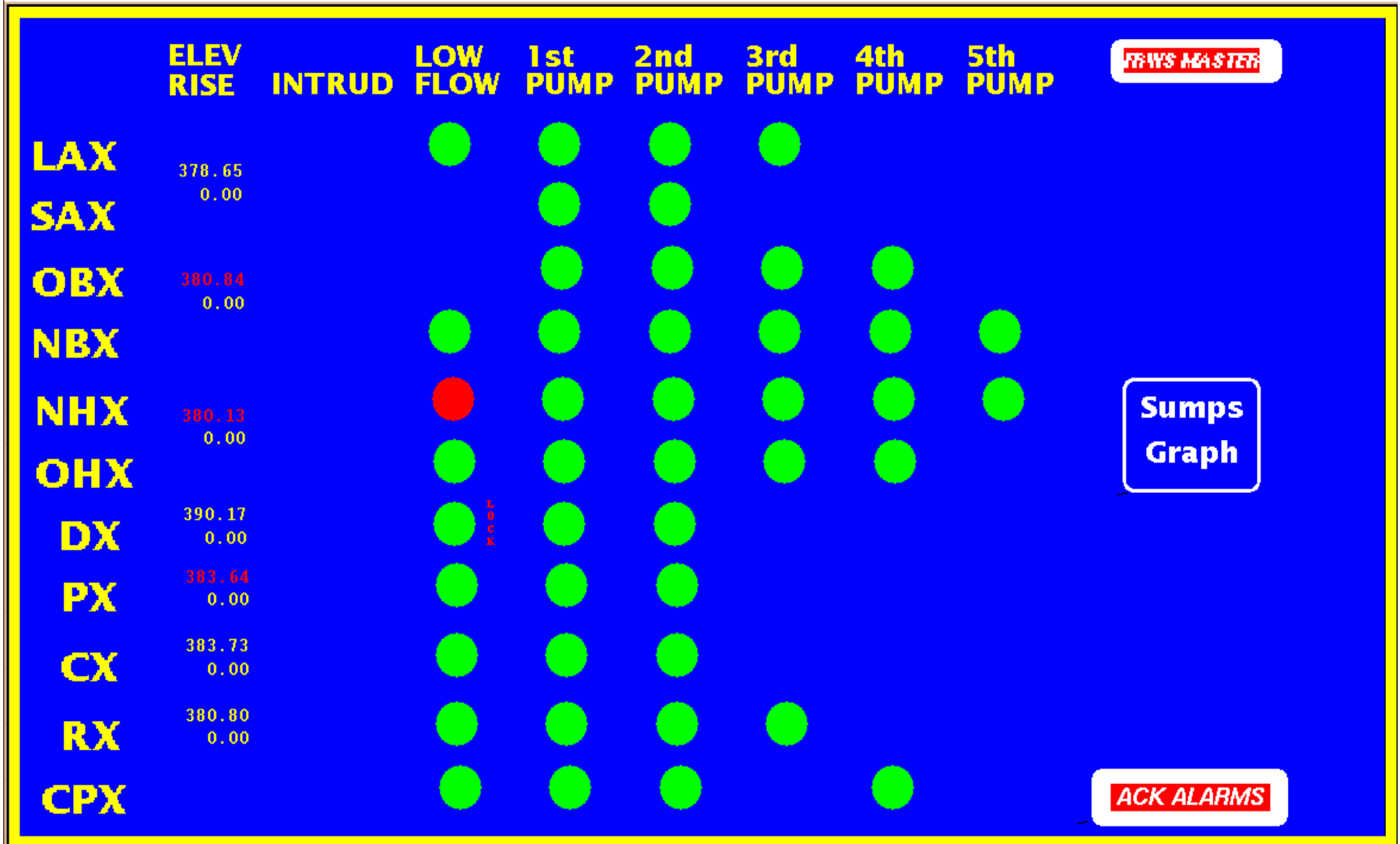


Flooded Roadway Warning System (FRWS)

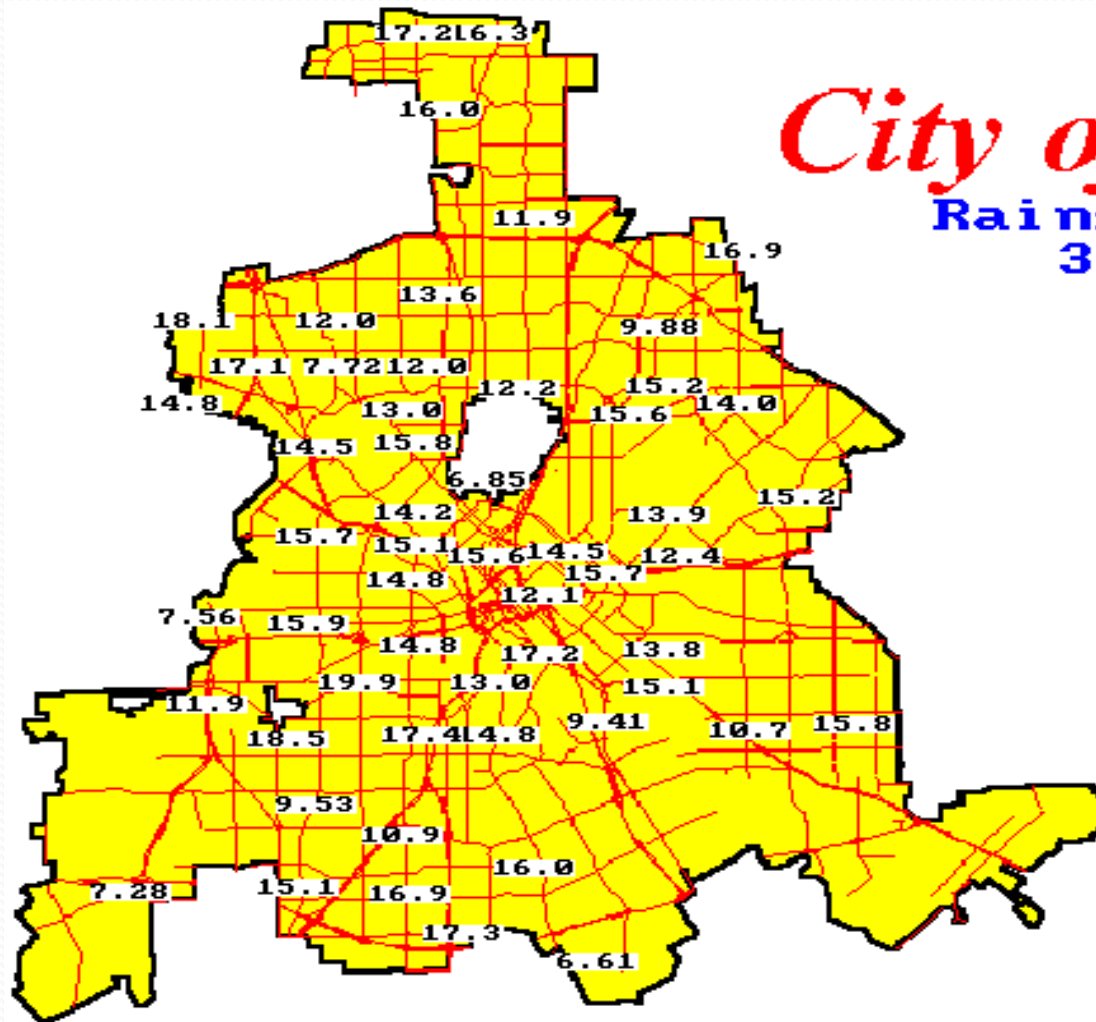


**40 FRWS Locations Citywide
8 Underground lift stations**

Pumping Operations – Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA)



Total rainfall in 30 days as of June 3, 2015



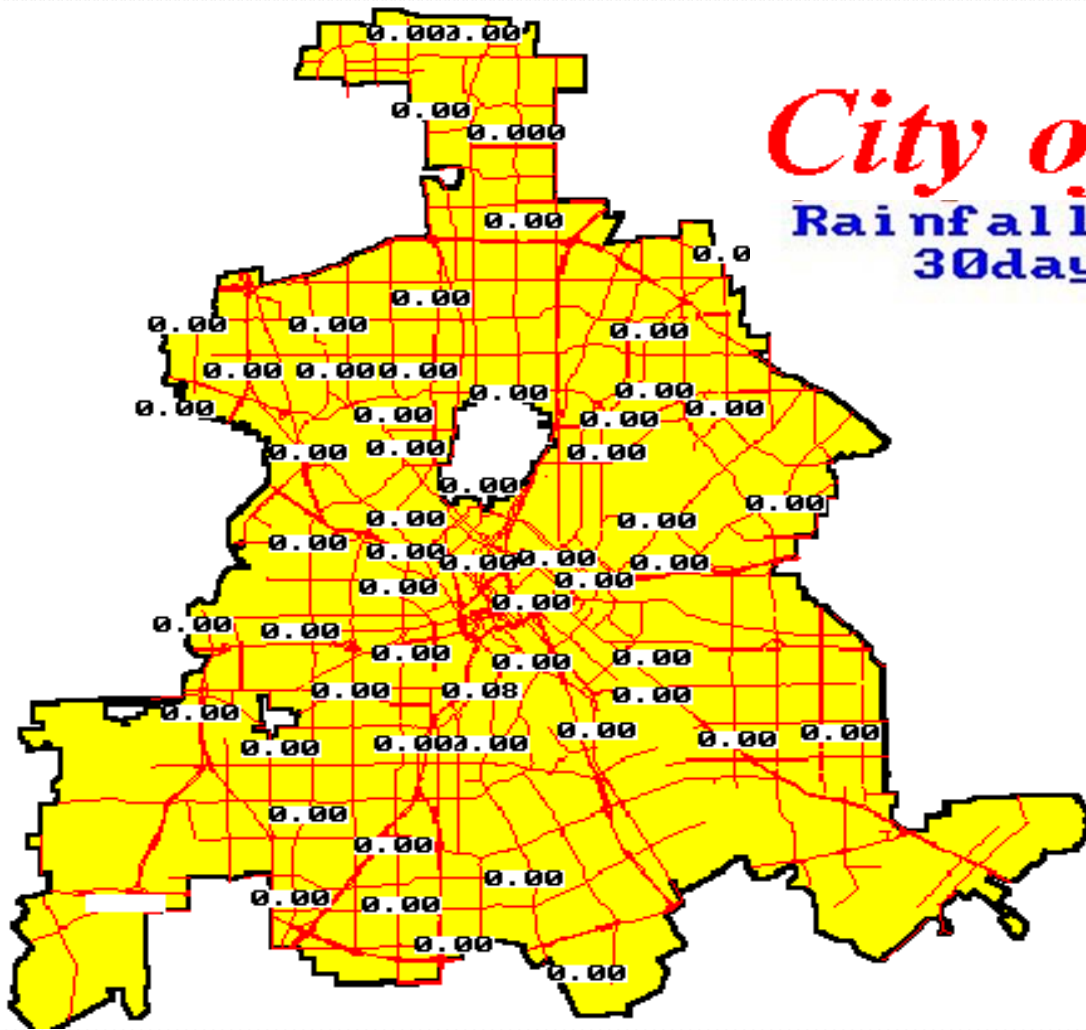
City of Dallas

Rainfall for
30 days

- 15 minutes
- 30 minutes
- 1 hour
- 2 hours
- 6 hours
- 12 hours
- 1 day
- 7 days
- 30 days

June 3, 2015 7:40

Total Rainfall in 30 days as of August 3, 2015



City of Dallas

Rainfall for
30 days

- 15 minutes
- 30 minutes
- 1 hour
- 2 hours
- 6 hours
- 12 hours
- 1 day
- 7 days
- 30 days

August 3, 2015 15:50

Total rainfall in 30 days as of October 31, 2015



City of Dallas

Rainfall for
30 days

- 15 minutes
- 30 minutes
- 1 hour
- 2 hours
- 6 hours
- 12 hours
- 1 day
- 7 days
- 30 days

November 2, 2015 9:35

Pumping Systems –Spring Event

- At peak of event through Dallas, 33 pumps were operating
- Provided opportunity to thoroughly test/run new pump stations at Baker and Pavaho
- System functioned as designed



Localized Flooding – Spring Event

- Elm Fork (California Crossing, Luna, Tantor)
- Loop 12/Singleton Area (West Fork Trinity River)
- Luna Road/I35/Elm Fork (Luna/Tantor/California Crossing)(Elm Fork Trinity River)
- Peavy Road (Dixon Branch up stream of White Rock Lake)
- Goforth and Lawther (White Rock Creek)
- Other Street Flooding



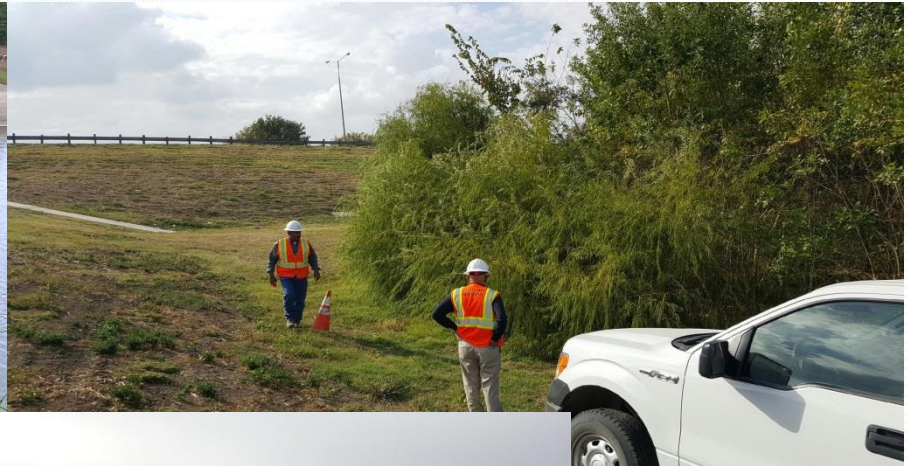
Pumping Systems –October Event

- At peak of event through Dallas, 28 pumps were operating
- System functioned as designed



Flood Damages and Post-Flood Maintenance

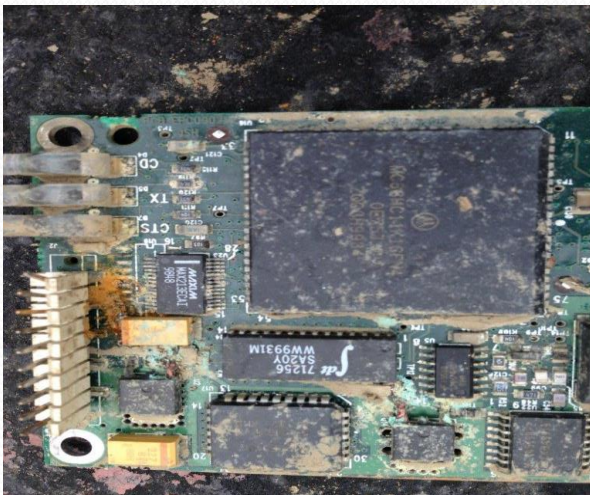
System Inspection



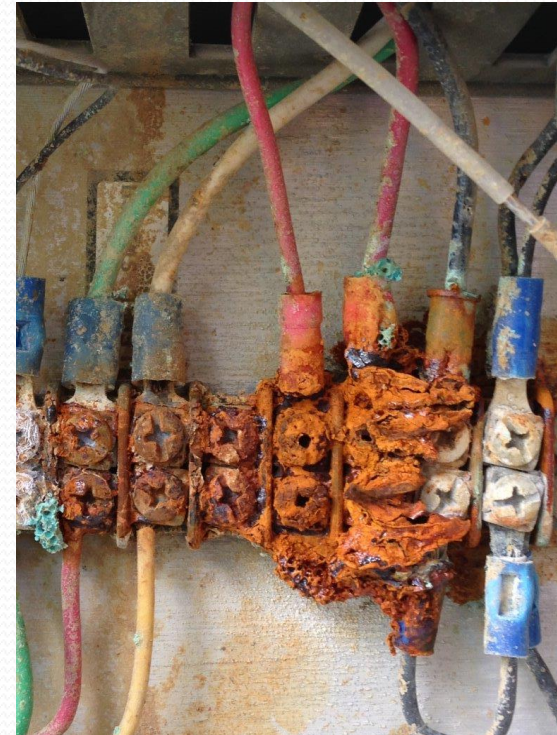
Damage to the system from flooding



Channel at 3132 Silverton



FRWS damages at various locations throughout the City



Repairing Damage to the System



Removing Blockages



Successes and Opportunities

Successes and Opportunities

- System and Emergency Operations Plan activation performed as designed with positive teamwork among all City departments and partners
- Limited localized flooding across the City
- Continue strengthening internal and external partnerships
- Continue addressing aging infrastructure and technology



Questions

Appendix

Future Funding Needs

Funding Needs - Modified Dallas Floodway Project, subject to federal appropriations process, but can be advanced by City at 100% City cost as a future work-in-kind credit

- Trinity Portland Pump Station, Operations Center and upgrades, and Delta Station, est. \$60 - \$70M
- Charlie Station Replacement, est. \$46M
- Hampton Station Improvements, est. \$76M

Note: Cost share for flood control projects is 65% federal/35% local; betterments are 100% local

Future Funding Needs

Funding Needs - Dallas Floodway Extension Project, subject to federal appropriations process

- Lamar Levee, est. \$55-75M
- Cadillac Heights Levee, est. \$42M
- Rochester Levee Extension, est. \$28M

Note: cost share for flood control projects is 75% federal/25% local

Future Funding Needs

Funding Needs – Various locations across City

- Examples include Elm Fork (est. \$150M), Dixon Branch (est. \$100M), West Joe's Creek (est. \$25M),
- West Dallas Eagle Ford Sump Basin (est. \$6M)
- Westmoreland-Hampton Sump Basin (est. \$2.5M)
- Prairie Creek Bridge at Dowdy Ferry (est. \$15M)
- Examples include ongoing erosion control projects along various public creeks (current needs inventory \$1B)
- Examples include voluntary buyouts of repetitive flood loss properties (current needs inventory \$12M)

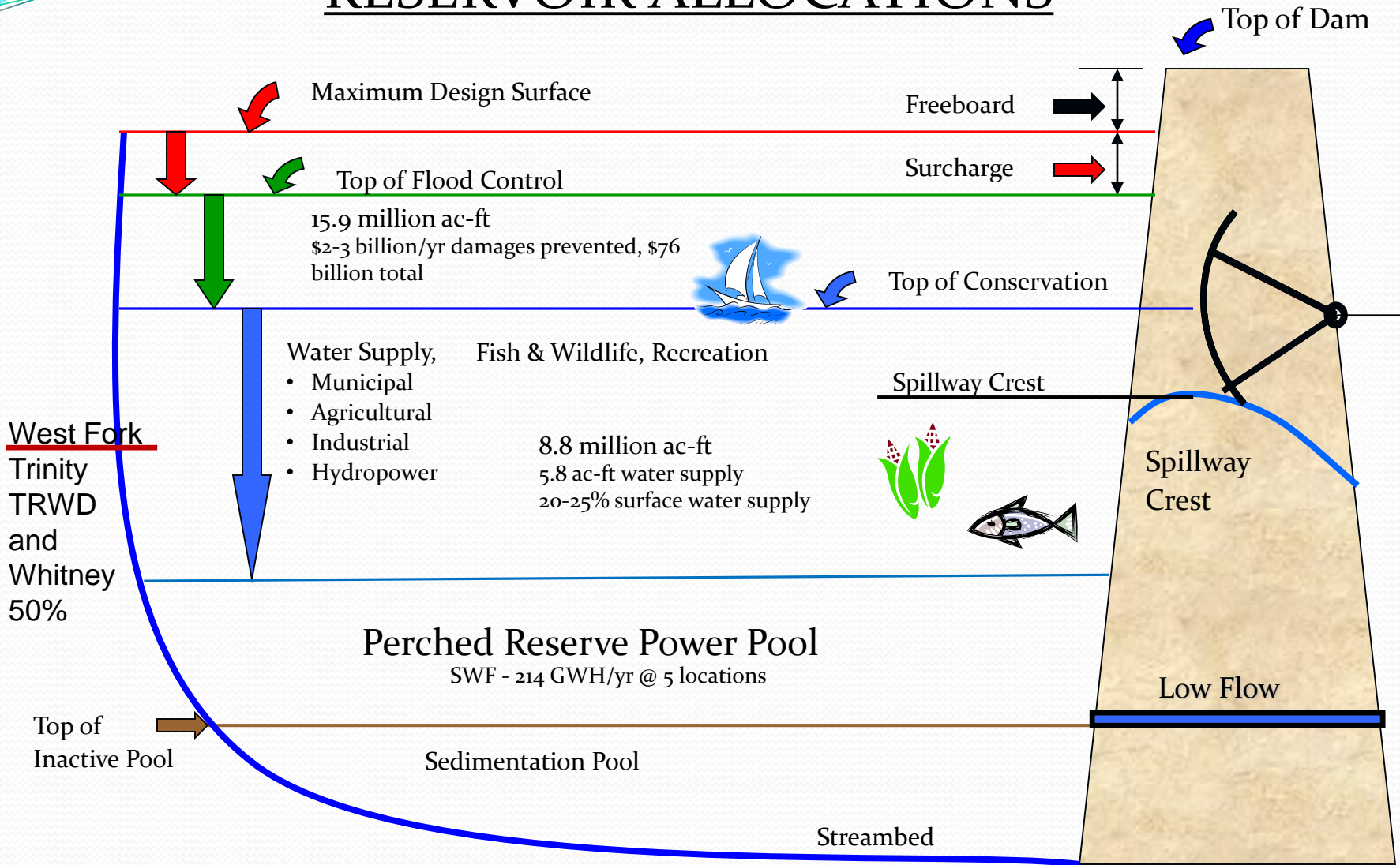
Note: Some projects may be eligible for grant and other funding sources, but resources are limited to US Army Corps of Engineers

US Army Corps of Engineers Partner Information

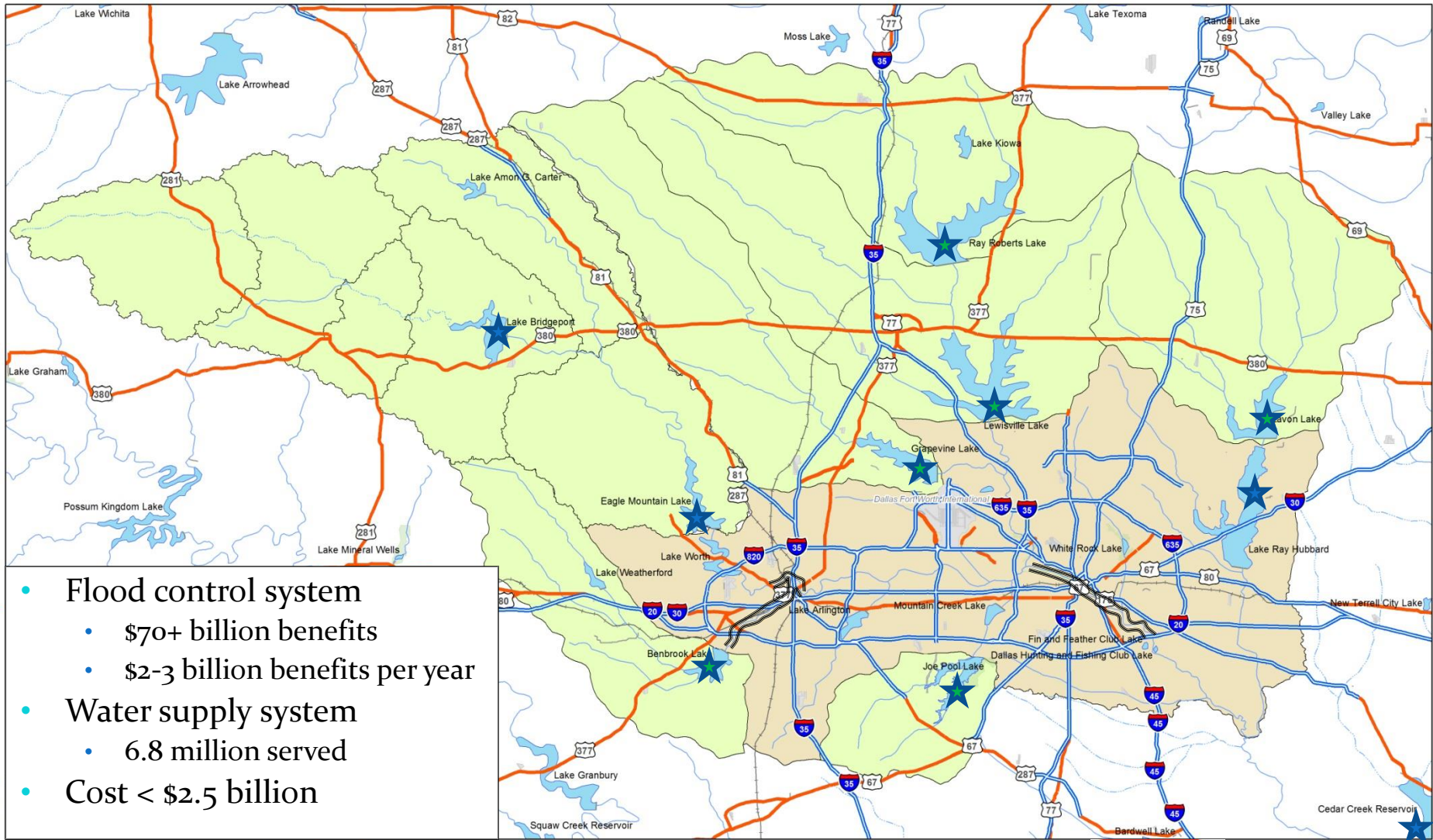


US Army Corps of Engineers Partner Information

RESERVOIR ALLOCATIONS



What Do You See?



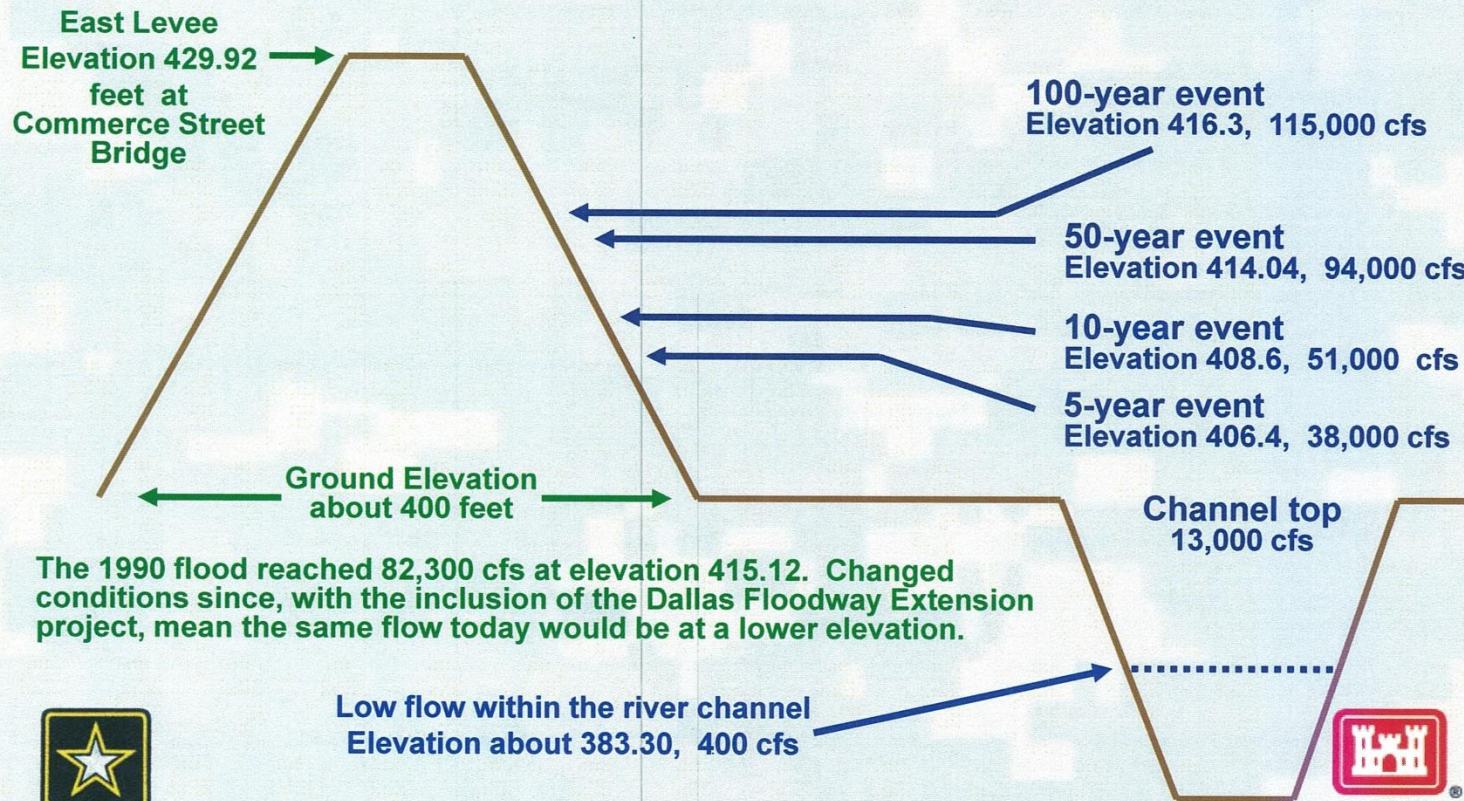
- Flood control system
 - \$70+ billion benefits
 - \$2-3 billion benefits per year
- Water supply system
 - 6.8 million served
- Cost < \$2.5 billion



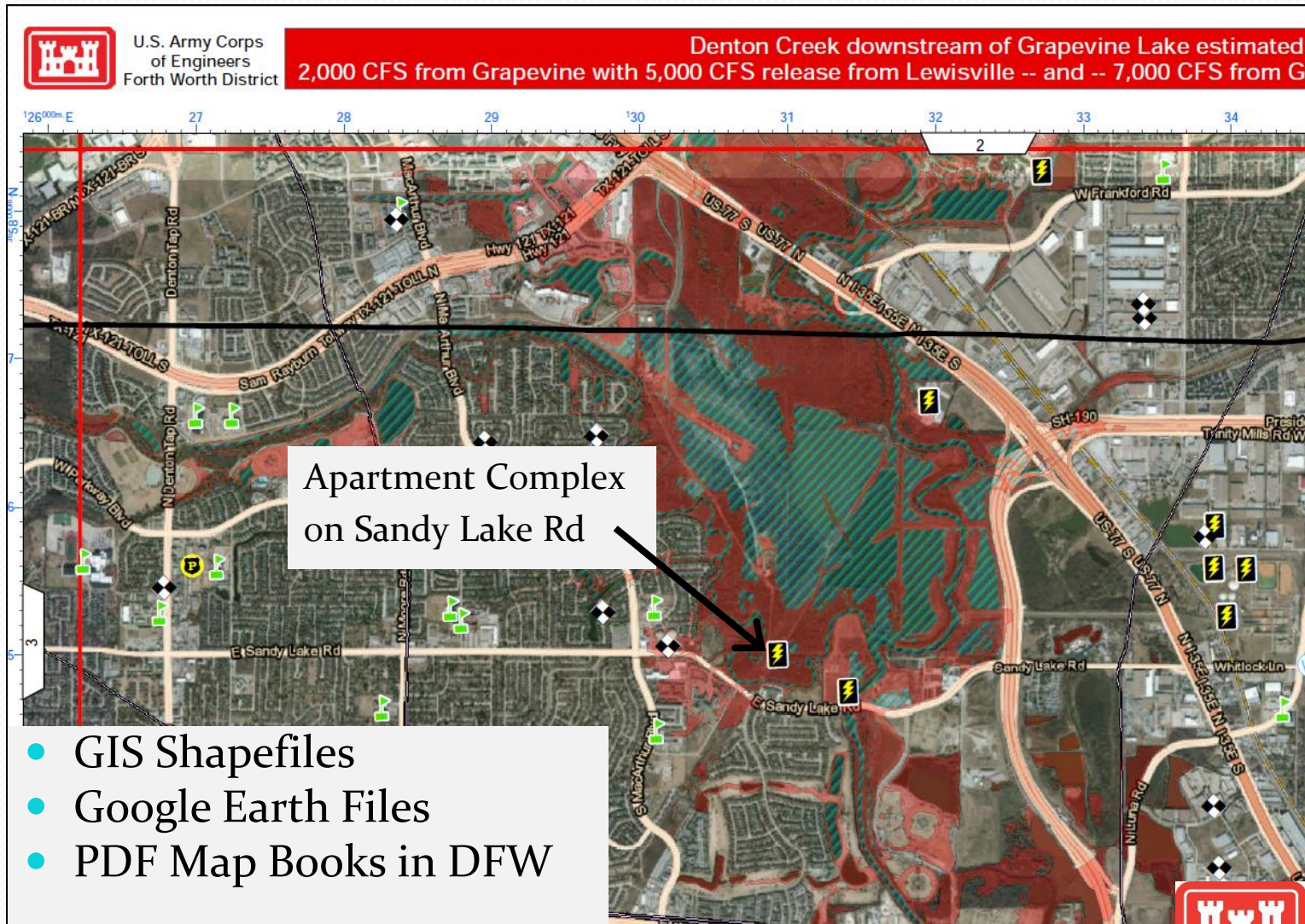
Legend
Trinity Unregulated
Trinity Regulated

Trinity River Flooding History

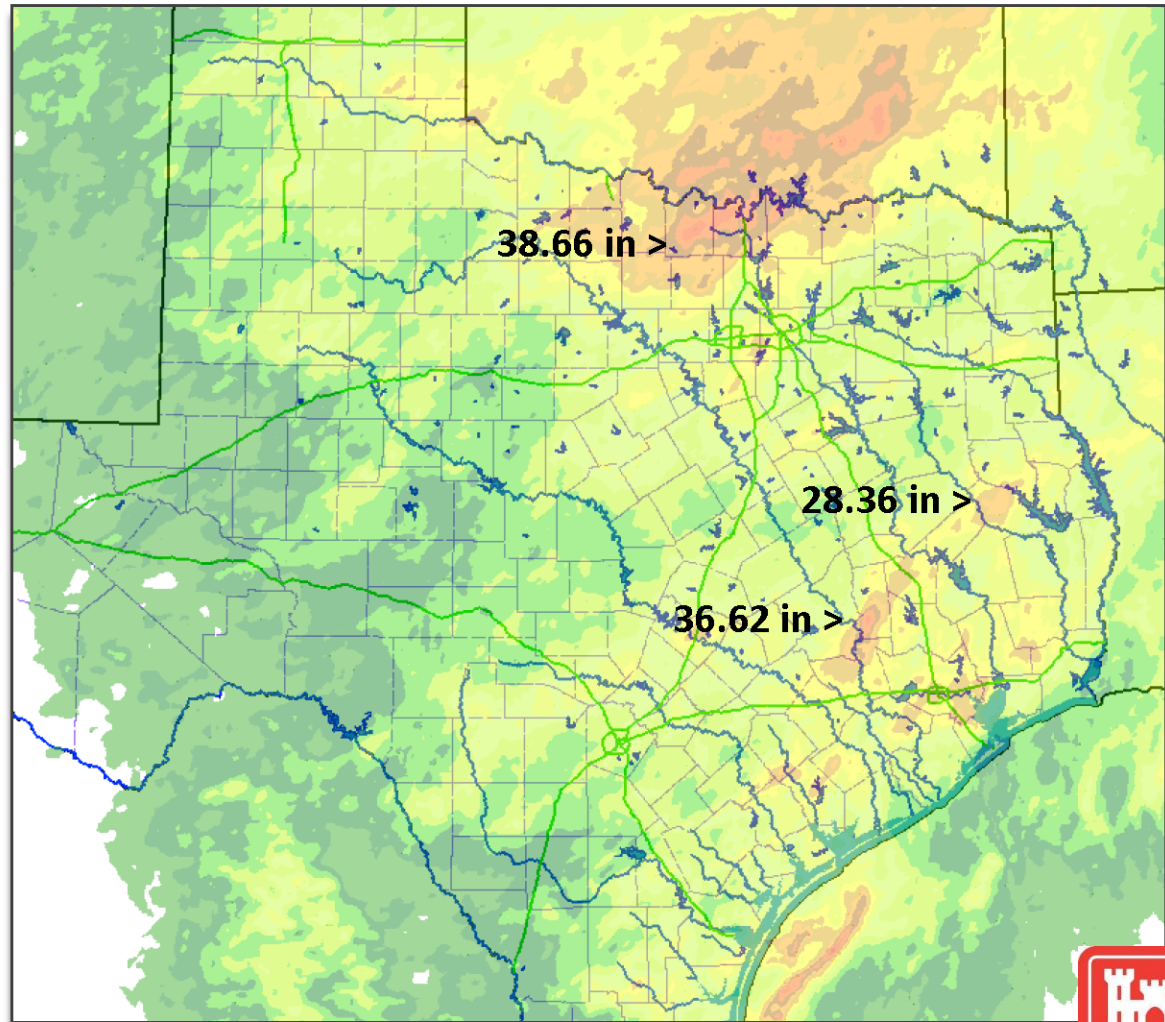
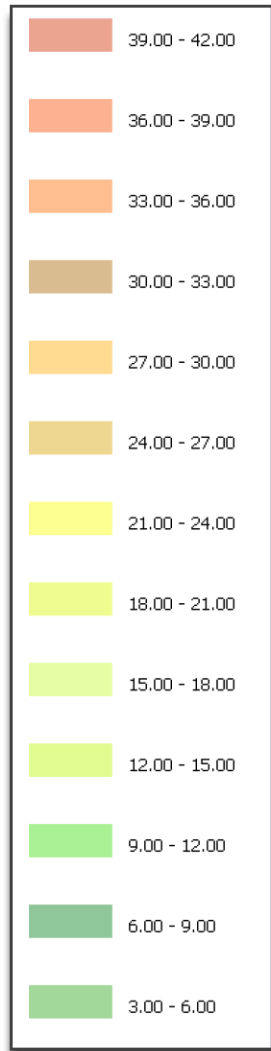
The existing Dallas Floodway can convey a flood event without overtopping that has a 1-in-1,500 chance of happening in any given year (a 1,500-year event) with a flow of 254,000 cubic feet per second



Inundation Products for Surcharge Releases



Total Rainfall for May-June 2015



May – June 2015 Event

- Ended 2014 in significant drought
- TRWD projects on West Fork 10+ ft. low
- 20” – 30” rainfall across entire upper Trinity River
- 2.3 million ac-ft of flood storage occupied, enough water to cover Dallas and Tarrant county in 2’ of water
- Surcharge operations at 10 reservoirs (Neches/Trinity/Brazos)
- Damage inducing surcharge releases at Lewisville, Grapevine and Lavon
- Sequential events with little opportunity to make releases
- Dam safety personnel engaged at all projects with high pools (24/7)

Damages Prevented

- Red River Basin \$5.2 million
- Neches River Basin \$99.7 million
- Trinity River Basin \$6.7 billion
- Brazos River Basin \$173.5 million
- Guadalupe River Basin \$59.9 million
- Colorado River Basin \$23.7 million
- **Total \$7.1 billion**